PCAN-MicroMod Mix 3

Application-specific PCAN-MicroMod Motherboard

User Manual





Document version 2.3.0 (2019-03-22)



Relevant products

Product Name	Model	Part number
PCAN-MicroMod Mix 3	Including casing and PCAN- MicroMod	IPEH-002206 from ser. no. 00200
PCAN-MicroMod Configuration	Version 2.5 (Windows software)	

PCAN is a registered trademark of PEAK-System Technik GmbH. CANopen® and CiA® are registered community trade marks of CAN in Automation e.V.

Other product names in this document may be the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners. They are not explicitly marked by "™" or "®".

© 2019 PEAK-System Technik GmbH

Duplication (copying, printing, or other forms) and the electronic distribution of this document is only allowed with explicit permission of PEAK-System Technik GmbH. PEAK-System Technik GmbH reserves the right to change technical data without prior announcement. The general business conditions and the regulations of the license agreement apply. All rights are reserved.

PEAK-System Technik GmbH Otto-Roehm-Strasse 69 64293 Darmstadt Germany

Phone: +49 (0)6151 8173-20 Fax: +49 (0)6151 8173-29

www.peak-system.com info@peak-system.com

Document version 2.3.0 (2019-03-22)

Contents

1 I	ntroduction	4
1.1	Properties at a Glance	4
1.2	Prerequisites for Operation	6
1.3	Scope of Supply	6
2 н	ardware Configuration	7
2.1	Pull-up/Pull-down Circuits for the Digital Inputs	8
2.2	High-side/Low-side Switches at Digital Outputs	9
2.3	Measuring Range Extension for the Analog Inputs	11
30	peration	12
3.1	Pin Assignment/Applicable MicroMod Services	12
3.2	Configuration Program	14
	2.1 System Requirements	15
	2.2 Installing the Program	15
	2.3 Creating a Configuration	15
	Status LEDs	17
3.4	Several MicroMods on the CAN Bus	17
4 т	echnical Specifications	19
Appe	ndix A CE Certificate	22
Appe	ndix B Dimension Drawing	23



1 Introduction

The motherboards for PCAN-MicroMod provide an applicationoriented environment. Typical characteristics of this product group include a wide supply voltage range and the protective circuit for the inputs and outputs. CANopen® firmware is available for all PCAN-MicroMod motherboards.

The Mix 3 motherboard allows the use of all inputs and outputs available on the PCAN-MicroMod which opens up a wide range of potential applications in the automotive and industrial sectors.

Note: This manual only refers to the motherboard as base for a PCAN-MicroMod and to the standard firmware. For the PCAN-MicroMod and the configuration program PCAN-MicroMod Configuration, there is separate documentation.

1.1 Properties at a Glance

- High-speed CAN connection (ISO 11898-2)
- Bit rates from 10 kbit/s up to 1 Mbit/s
- Compliant with CAN specifications 2.0A (11-bit ID) and 2.0B (29-bit ID)
- Completely configurable using the Windows program PCAN-MicroMod Configuration
- Operating voltage 12 V nominal, 8 to 26 V possible
- Plastic casing with Tyco automotive connectors
- Extended operating temperature range from -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)

- B analog inputs:
 - Measuring range unipolar 0 to 4.1 V (can be expanded by a voltage divider)
 - Resolution 10 bit, sample rate 1 kHz
 - Protection against under- and overvoltage
 - Low-pass behavior
- B digital inputs:
 - Schmitt trigger behavior, inverting
 - Threshold High = 4.8 V, Low = 1.2 V
 - Pull-up or pull-down circuit selectable for each input

PEAK

- Low-pass behavior
- └── 4 frequency inputs (differences to the digital inputs):
 - Scannable frequency range 0 to 10 kHz
- B digital outputs:
 - High-side switches, 350 mA continuous current, 500 mA short-circuit current
 - 4 outputs also usable as low-side switches, 700 mA continuous current, 1 A short-circuit current
 - Short-circuit protection



- 4 PWM/frequency outputs¹:
 - Low-side switches, 350 mA continuous current, 1 A shortcircuit current
 - 2 outputs also usable as high-side switches, 1.5 A constant current, 5 A short-circuit current
 - Short-circuit protection

1.2 Prerequisites for Operation

- Power supply in the range of 8 to 26 V DC
- ⊢ For creating and transferring configurations:
 - Computer with Windows 10, 8.1, or 7 (32/64-bit)
 - CAN interface from the PCAN series

1.3 Scope of Supply

- PCAN-MicroMod
- PCAN-MicroMod motherboard in casing including mating connectors and crimp contacts²
- PCAN-MicroMod Configuration for Windows
- Manual in PDF format
- ¹ Can be used as 4 PWM outputs 8-bit or 2 PWM outputs 16-bit or 2 frequency outputs.
- ² Types of the mating connectors and crimp contacts in chapter 4 *Technical Specifications* on page 19.



Hardware Configuration 2

You can customize the motherboard by modifying the hardware. The following subsections contain descriptions about possible modifications.

Accessing the Motherboard

In order to carry out the modifications described in the following sections, unscrew the lid of the casing and pull off the MicroMod from the motherboard.



Attention! Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destrov components on the motherboard or the PCAN-MicroMod. Take precautions to avoid ESD when handling the boards.

Remounting the MicroMod

When you remount the MicroMod, take notice of the white triangular marks on each the motherboard and the MicroMod (upper left corner). These marks must align.



Figure 1: Positioning of the MicroMod



2.1 Pull-up/Pull-down Circuits for the Digital Inputs

At delivery the digital inputs and the frequency inputs are open. You can set them independently to pull-up or pull-down circuit. This is done with the DIP switch row S2 for the digital inputs and the row S1 for the frequency inputs.

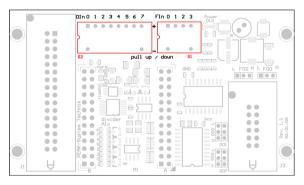


Figure 2: Positions of the pull-up/pull-down switches S2 (left) and S1 (right)

Switches	Inputs	Behavior at position			
Ownenes	inputs	o (centered)*	– (down)	+ (up)	
S2 1 - 8	Din 0 - Din 7	open	pull-down	pull-up 4.7 kΩ	
S11-4	Fin 0 - Fin 3	open	4.7 kΩ	puil-up 4.7 Ks2	

* Setting at delivery



2.2 High-side/Low-side Switches at Digital Outputs

At delivery the digital outputs are configured as high-side switches and the frequency/PWM outputs as low-side switches. You can change the output behavior of four digital and two frequency/PWM outputs independently. This is done with jumpers which are marked with the mnemonics of the outputs.

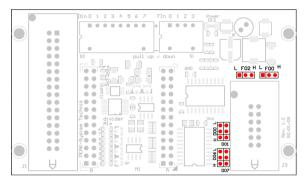


Figure 3: Positions of the jumpers for the behavior of the digital outputs

Outputs	Output behavior at jumper setting			
Outputs	Н	L		
Dout 0, Dout 1, Dout 6, Dout 7	High-side switch* 350 mA constant current 500 mA short-circuit current	Low-side switch 700 mA constant current 1 A short-circuit current		
Fout 0, Fout 2	High-side switch 1.5 A constant current 5 A short-circuit current	Low-side switch* 350 mA constant current 1 A short-circuit current		

* Setting at delivery

The high-side switches require a **separate voltage supply** via pin 1 and/or pin 2 on connector J1 (see also 3.1 *Pin Assignment/Applicable MicroMod Services* on page 12). This voltage supply is also needed for the low-side operation of the



digital outputs in order to avoid malfunctions (e.g. when using reactive loads).



Important note: When you use a digital or a frequency/PWM output as high-side switch, the connected load must be linked to ground (GND). Otherwise, the overvoltage protection is not effective.



2.3 Measuring Range Extension for the Analog Inputs

At delivery the analog inputs have a unipolar measuring range from 0 to 4.1 Volts. You can extend the measuring range of an analog input with a voltage divider by soldering in a resistor (package 0603) at the respectively marked position.

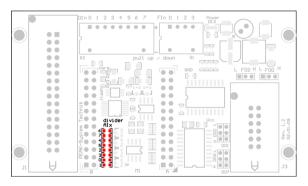


Figure 4: Resistor positions for the range extension

The resistor value $R_{\rm x}$ to be used results from the desired maximum voltage $U_{\rm max}$:

$$R_{x} = \frac{2400\,\Omega}{\frac{U_{max}}{4.1V} - 1} \quad (U_{max} > 4.1V)$$

Example values:

U _{max}	R _x (rounded)	
5 V	11 kΩ	
10 V	1.7 kΩ	

Resistor position	Analog input Ain x
6	Ain 6
7	Ain 7
4	Ain 4
5	Ain 5
2	Ain 2
3	Ain 3
0	Ain 0
1	Ain 1



3 Operation

3.1 Pin Assignment/Applicable MicroMod Services

The motherboard has a 32-pin and a 12-pin connector. For each connector on the motherboard a mating connector³ is delivered which you can allocate as needed. For this use the delivered crimp contacts.

VBat (8-24V)	17	1	VHSout (8	-33V)					
Din 0	18	2	VHSout (8	-33V)					
Din 2	19	3	Din 1						
Din 4	20	4	Din 3						
Din 6	21	5	Din 5						
Fin 0	22	6	Din 7						
Fin 2	23	7	Fin 1						
GND	24	8	Fin 3						
V24-TxD	25	9	V24-Rx	D					
CAN-H	26	10	CAN-L						
Aout 0	27	11	Aout 1			Fout 3	12	6	Fout 2
AGND	28	12	GND			Fout 1	11	5	Fout 0
Ain 7	29	13	Ain 6			Dout 0	10	4	Dout 1
Ain 5	30	14	Ain 4			Dout 2	9	3	Dout 3
Ain 3	31	15	Ain 2			Dout 4	8	2	Dout 5
Ain 1	32	16	Ain 0	J1	J3	Dout 6	7	1	Dout 7

Figure 5: Pin assignment of the Mix 3 motherboard

The following table shows the pin assignment and the assignment of the motherboard functions to the MicroMod services. The motherboard's inputs and outputs are controlled by the services of the MicroMod.

Pin J1	Port name	Function	Access with MicroMod service(s)
17	V _{Bat}	Voltage supply motherboard, 8 - 26 V DC	
1	V _{HSout}	Voltage supply high-side driver of the	

³ Mating connector types: see technical specifications on page 19



Pin J1	Port name	Function	Access with MicroMod service(s)	
2		digital outputs (also needed for the low-side operation), 8 - 33 V DC		
18	Din 0			
3	Din 1	Digital input		
19	Din 2	High state at 5 to 18 V input voltage	🖽 Digital Input	
4	Din 3	Schmitt trigger behavior, inverting	Digital Function	
20	Din 4	Low-pass behavior Pull-up/pull-down (4.7 kΩ) with DIP	Rotary Encoder	
5	Din 5	switches S2, setting at delivery: open	Rotary Encoder	
21	Din 6	_		
6	Din 7			
22	Fin 0	Frequency input		
7	Fin 1	0 - 10 kHz Schmitt trigger behavior	Frequency Input	
23	Fin 2	Pull-up/pull-down (4.7 k Ω) with DIP	Frequency Input	
8	Fin 3	switches S1, setting at delivery: open		
24	GND	Digital ground		
25	V24-TxD	(Reserved)		
9	V24-RxD			
26	CAN-H	Differential CAN signal (High-speed		
10	CAN-L	CAN, ISO 11898-2)		
27	Aout 0	(Reserved)		
11	Aout 1			
28	AGND	Analog ground		
12	GND	Digital ground		
29	Ain 7			
13	Ain 6	Analog input Pull-down circuit		
30	Ain 5	Measuring range unipolar, 0 to 4.1 V	Analog Input	
14	Ain 4	Measuring range extension possible	Curve	
31	Ain 3	with voltage divider Low-pass behavior	🖅 Analog	
15	Ain 2	Protection against undervoltage and	Hysteresis	
32	Ain 1	overvoltage		
16	Ain 0			



Pin J3	Port name	Function		Access with MicroMod service(s)	
12	Fout 3				
6	Fout 2	Frequency/PWM outputs Low-side switch 350 mA constant current 1 A short-circuit	High-side switch by jumper 1.5 A constant current 5 A short-circuit current	Ŷ	PWM and Frequency Output
11	Fout 1	current			
5	Fout 0		(See Fout 2)		
10	Dout 0		High-side switch by jumper 700 mA constant		
4	Dout 1	Digital output High-side switch	current 1 A short-circuit current		
9	Dout 2	350 mA constant		Ψ	Digital Output
3	Dout 3	500 mA short-			
8	Dout 4	circuit current			
2	Dout 5				
7	Dout 6		(See Dout 0/1)		
1	Dout 7				

Important note: When you use a digital or a frequency/PWM output as high-side switch, the connected load must be linked to ground (GND). Otherwise, the overvoltage protection is not effective.

3.2 Configuration Program

In order to create and transfer MicroMod configurations the Windows software PCAN-MicroMod Configuration is used. This section covers basic points about installation and use of the program with the Mix 3 motherboard.



You'll find detailed information about the use of PCAN-MicroMod Configuration in the related documentation which is invoked via the program (e.g. with F1).

3.2.1 System Requirements

- Windows 10, 8.1, 7 (32-bit or 64-bit)
- Computer with CAN interface of the PCAN series (for transferring a configuration to the PCAN-MicroMod via CAN)

3.2.2 Installing the Program

Under Windows install the program from the supplied CD. Start the corresponding installation routine by using the CD navigation going to **Tools** > **PCAN-MicroMod Configuration 2.5.x**.

3.2.3 Creating a Configuration

When you start creating a new configuration in PCAN-MicroMod Configuration, the **Board Type** dialog box appears in order to select the type of the used motherboard. The necessary settings are explained in the following.



Board Type - Module No
Board Type:
PCAN-MicroMod Evaluation Board PCAN-MicroMod Digital 1
PCAN-MicroMod Digital 2
PCAN-MicroMod Analog 1 PCAN-MicroMod Analog 2
PCAN-MicroMod Mix 1
PCAN-MicroMod Mix 3
Description:
Module No:
Baudrate MicroMod: 500 KBit/sec
Ok Cancel 📴 Help

Figure 6: PCAN-MicroMod Configuration: selection of the Mix 3 motherboard

Board Type: PCAN-MicroMod Mix 3

Module No: 0

The module number of the MicroMod on the Mix 3 motherboard is set to 0 at delivery and is relevant if you want to configure more than one MicroMod on the same CAN bus. See also section 3.4 *Several MicroMods on the CAN Bus* on page 17.

Bitrate MicroMod: 500 kbit/s

At delivery the MicroMod is set to a bit rate of 500 kbit/s. A change of this setting will take effect after sending the completed configuration to the MicroMod.

C)	
1	П	
١.,	4	/

Note: For the first transfer of a configuration to the module it must be integrated in a CAN network with a bit rate of 500 kbit/s.



3.3 Status LEDs

The motherboard including the MicroMod has two LEDs with the following status indications:

LED	Indication
Power (green)	Power is applied.
Activity (red)	Status of the PCAN-MicroMod:
blinking at 1 Hz	normal operation
blinking at 2 Hz	invalid or no configuration
blinking at 5 Hz	configuration mode
continuously on	internal MicroMod error

Several MicroMods on the CAN Bus 3.4

If you want to use several MicroMods on the same CAN bus and want to configure them, each one needs its own module number. That way the MicroMods are distinguishable for the program PCAN-MicroMod Configuration.

The module number is set on the MicroMod by solder jumpers and lies in the range of 0 to 31. At delivery each MicroMod has the module number 0

During normal operation of the PCAN-MicroMod, the module number has no effect on the CAN communication.

For setting the solder jumpers on the MicroMod unscrew the top of the casing and remove the MicroMod from the motherboard. Please find further information about the assignment of module numbers in the separate user manual for the PCAN-MicroMod.

Attention! Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy components on the motherboard or the PCAN-MicroMod. Take precautions to avoid ESD when handling the boards.



Remounting the MicroMod

When you remount the MicroMod, take notice of the white triangular marks on each the motherboard and the MicroMod (upper left corner). These marks must align.

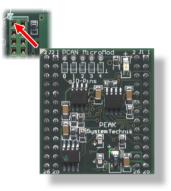


Figure 7: Positioning of the MicroMod



4 Technical Specifications

Connectors		
Mating connector types	Tyco 32-pin (housing and contacts carrier): 929053-1, 968265-1 Tyco 12-pin (housing and contacts carrier): 929051-1, 968473-1 Tyco crimp contacts: 928999-1	

Power supply	
Voltage supply V _{Bat} motherboard	12 V DC nom., 8 - 26 V possible
Voltage supply V _{HSout} high-side drivers	12 V DC nom., 8 - 33 V possible
Current consumption	60 mA at 12 V on V _{Bat} (all outputs passive)

Digital inputs

9	
Count	8
Input voltage Low	≤ 2.0 V
Input voltage High	≥ 4.6 V
Maximum input voltage	18 V
Circuit	open (130 kΩ, weak pull-down), pull-up (4.7 kΩ), pull-down (4.7 kΩ)
Further properties	Schmitt trigger behavior, inverting

Frequency inputs	
Count	4
Frequency range	0 - 10 kHz
Input voltage Low	≤ 2.0 V
Input voltage High	\geq 4.6 V
Maximum input voltage	18 V
Circuit	open (130 kΩ, weak pull-down), pull-up (4.7 kΩ), pull-down (4.7 kΩ)
Further properties	Schmitt trigger behavior



Analog inputs	
Count	8
Measuring range	0 - 4.1 V, unipolar, extensible through voltage divider with resistors
Resolution	10 bits
Sampling rate	1 kHz
Input impedance	100 k Ω (at measuring range 4.1 V)
Source impedance	< 5 kΩ
Low-pass	τ = 2.5 ms
Further properties	Pull-down circuit Protection against undervoltage and overvoltage

Digital e	outputs
-----------	---------

Count	8		
Circuit	switch	4 outputs alternatively configurable as low-side	
	High-side:	Low-side:	
Constant current	max. 350 mA	max. 700 mA	
Short-circuit current	500 mA	1 A	

Frequency/PWM outputs

Count	4, can be used as - 4 PWM outputs 8-bit or - 2 PWM outputs 16-bit or - 2 frequency outputs		
Maximum frequency	10 kHz (details: see PCAN-MicroMod)	user manual for the	
Circuit	switch	2 outputs alternatively configurable as high-side	
	Low-side:	High-side:	
Constant current	max. 350 mA	max. 1.5 A	
Short-circuit current	1 A	5 A	



CAN	
Transmission standard	High-speed CAN ISO 11898-2, typ. 500 kbit/s, setup with PCAN-MicroMod Configuration (Windows software)
Termination	none
CAN ID reserved for configuration transfer	0x7E7
Module number at delivery (for configuration transfer)	0

Measures

Casing size	100 x 60 x 27 mm See also dimension drawing in Appendix B on page 23
Weight	100 g (without connectors)

Environment	
Operating temperature	-40 - +85 °C (-40 - +185 °F)
Temperature for storage and transport	-40 - +100 °C (-40 - +212 °F)
Relative humidity	15 - 90 %, not condensing
Ingress protection (IEC 60529)	IP20

Co	nfor	mitv

EMV	Directive 2014/30/EU DIN EN 61326-1:2013-07
RoHS 2	Directive 2011/65/EU DIN EN 50581 VDE 0042-12:2013-02



Appendix A CE Certificate

	aration of Conformity	.PEAK System
	applies to the following product:	
Product name:	PCAN-MicroMod Mix 3	
tem number(s): Manufacturer:	IPEH-002206, from serial number 00200 PEAK-System Technik GmbH	
vanutacturer.	Otto-Roehm-Strasse 69	
	64293 Darmstadt Germany	
🖌 🖌 We decl		oned product is in conformity with
LE the follo	lare under our sole responsibility that the menti owing directives and the affiliated harmonized s	tandards:
	011/65/EU (RoHS 2)	
	DE 0042-12:2013-02 nentation for the assessment of electrical and el	ectronic products with respect to
the restriction of	f hazardous substances;	
German version I	EN 50581:2012	
	014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility)	
DIN EN 61326-1:	2013-07 nent for measurement, control and laboratory u	ise - FMC requirements - Part 1:
General requiren	ments (IEC 61326-1:2012);	se Enerequienents Furth
German version I	EN 61326-1:2013	
Darmstadt, 22 Fe	ebruary 2019	
11	/	
	111	
Vue	Nim	
Jwe Wilhelm, Ma	anaging Director	



Appendix B Dimension Drawing

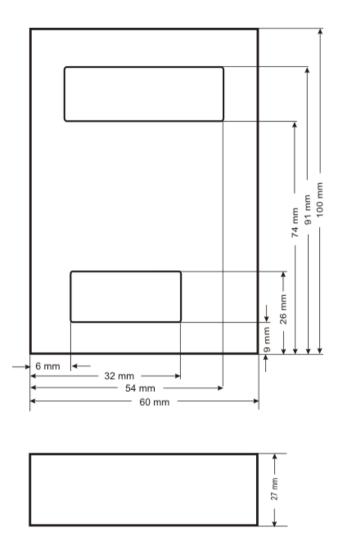


Figure 8: View of casing. The figure does not show the actual size of the product.