PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD
CAN FD Interface for PCI/104 Express

User Manual

Document version 1.1.0 (2019-05-24)
Relevant products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Part number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD Single Channel</td>
<td>One CAN channel</td>
<td>IPEH-004080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD Dual Channel</td>
<td>Two CAN channels</td>
<td>IPEH-004081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD Four Channel</td>
<td>Four CAN channels</td>
<td>IPEH-004082</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The cover picture shows the product PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD Four Channel. Other product models have an identical form factor but vary in equipment.

On request you can get the product versions with stack-through connectors for the PCI bus.

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Contents

1 Introduction 5
1.1 Properties at a Glance 6
1.2 System Requirements 7
1.3 Scope of Supply 7

2 Installing the Software and the Card 8

3 Connecting a CAN Bus 10
3.1 Connection over D-Sub Connector 10
3.2 Slot Bracket(s) with D-Sub Connector(s) 12
3.3 Voltage Supply of External Devices 13
3.4 Activating the Daisy Chain 15
3.5 Activating the Internal Termination 18
3.6 Cabling
   3.6.1 Termination 20
   3.6.2 Example of a Connection 20
   3.6.3 Maximum Bus Length 21

4 Software and API 22
4.1 Monitor Software PCAN-View 22
   4.1.1 Receive/Transmit Tab 25
   4.1.2 Trace Tab 27
   4.1.3 PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD Tab 28
   4.1.4 Bus Load Tab 29
   4.1.5 Error Generator Tab 30
   4.1.6 Status Bar 31
4.2 Linking Own Programs with PCAN-Basic Version 4 or Higher 32
   4.2.1 Features of PCAN-Basic 33
   4.2.2 Principle Description of the API 34
   4.2.3 Notes about the License 35
5 Technical Specifications 36

Appendix A CE Certificate 38
Appendix B Dimension Drawing 39
Appendix C Quick Reference 40
1 Introduction

The PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD allows the connection of PCI/104-Express systems to CAN and CAN FD buses. The PCI/104-Express specification establishes PCI Express for the PC/104 form factor wherewith up to four cards can be stacked. Based on this, standardized modular embedded systems such as industrial PCs can be realized.

The CAN bus is connected via 9-pin D-Sub connectors to the supplied slot brackets. There is a galvanic isolation between the computer and the CAN side up to 500 Volts. The card is available as a single, dual, or four-channel version.

The new CAN FD standard (CAN with Flexible Data rate) is primarily characterized by higher bandwidth for data transfer. The maximum of 64 data bytes per CAN FD frame (instead of 8 so far) can be transmitted with bit rates up to 12 Mbit/s.

CAN FD is downward-compatible to the CAN 2.0 A/B standard, thus CAN FD nodes can be used in existing CAN networks. However, in this case the CAN FD extensions are not applicable.

The monitor software PCAN-View and the programming interface PCAN-Basic for the development of applications with CAN connection are included in the scope of supply and support the new CAN FD.

Device drivers exist for different operating systems, so programs can easily access a connected CAN bus.

💡 Tip: At the end of this manual (Appendix C) you can find a Quick Reference with brief information about the installation and operation of the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD card.
1.1 Properties at a Glance

- PCI/104-Express card, 1 lane (x1)
- Form factor PC/104
- Up to four cards can be used in one system
- 1, 2, or 4 High-speed CAN channels (ISO 11898-2)
- Complies with CAN specifications 2.0 A/B and FD
- CAN FD support for ISO and Non-ISO standards switchable
- CAN FD bit rates for the data field (64 bytes max.) from 20 kbit/s up to 12 Mbit/s
- CAN bit rates from 20 kbit/s up to 1 Mbit/s
- Connection to CAN bus through D-Sub slot bracket, 9-pin (in accordance with CiA® 303-1)
- FPGA implementation of the CAN FD controller
- MCP2558FD CAN transceiver
- Galvanic isolation on the CAN connection up to 500 V, separate for each CAN channel
- CAN termination can be activated through a solder jumper, separately for each CAN channel
- 5-Volt supply to the CAN connection can be connected through a solder jumper, e.g. for external bus converter
- PCIe data transfer via bus master DMA
- DMA memory access operations with 32- and 64-bit addresses
- Measurement of bus load including error frames and overload frames on the physical bus
- Induced error generation for incoming and outgoing CAN messages
- Optionally available: PCI-104 stack-through connector
Extended operating temperature range from -40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F)

**Note:** This manual describes the use of the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD with **Windows**. You find device drivers for **Linux** and the corresponding application information on the provided DVD in the directory branch **Develop** and on our website at [www.peak-system.com/linux](http://www.peak-system.com/linux).

### 1.2 System Requirements

- PC/104 stack with PCIe/104 connectivity to the host
- Windows 10, 8.1, 7 (32/64-bit) or Linux (32/64-bit)

### 1.3 Scope of Supply

- PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD card, 1 Lane (x1)
- Slot bracket with D-Sub connector(s) for the CAN bus (two for the four-channel version)
- Device drivers for Windows 10, 8.1, 7 and Linux (32/64-bit)
- CAN monitor PCAN-View for Windows
- Programming interface PCAN-Basic for developing applications with CAN connection
- Programming interfaces for standardized protocols from the automotive sector
- Manual in PDF format
2 Installing the Software and the Card

This chapter covers the software setup for the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD card in Windows and the installation of the card in the PC/104 stack.

Install the driver before you insert the card.

Do the following to install the driver:

1. Start Intro.exe from the supplied DVD.
   The navigation program starts.
2. In the main menu, select Drivers and click on Install now.
3. Confirm the message of the User Account Control related to "Installer database of PEAK Drivers".
   The driver setup starts.
4. Follow the program instructions.

Do the following to insert the card into the stack:

Attention! Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy components on the card. Take precautions to avoid ESD.

1. Shut down the computer.
2. Disconnect the computer’s power supply.
3. Insert the card into the stack next to the host or to another PCI/104-Express FD card.
   A maximum of four PCI/104-Express FD cards per stack is possible. Either all are on top or beneath the host.
4. Plug a cable from the slot bracket to a 10-pin socket for each CAN connection.
5. Reconnect the computer power supply.
6. Turn on the computer and start Windows. 

Windows detects the new hardware and completes the driver installation. 

Do the following to check the operational readiness:

1. Open the Windows Start menu.
2. Type `peakcpl` and press `Enter`.

The information window for PEAK hardware appears. The plug-in card must be displayed in the table on the **CAN Hardware** tab.
3 Connecting a CAN Bus

3.1 Connection over D-Sub Connector

The High-speed CAN bus (ISO 11898-2) is connected to the 9-pin D-Sub connector. The pin assignment for CAN corresponds to the specification CiA® 303-1.

Figure 1: Position of the sockets on the four-channel card (IPEH-004082); dual channel card (IPEH-004081) only CAN 1 and CAN 2; single channel card (IPEH-004080) only CAN 1

Figure 2: Pin assignment of High-speed CAN
Low power devices (e.g. bus converters) can be supplied directly with 5 volts over pin 1 of the CAN connector. Pin 1 is not in use at the delivery state. For more information, see the next section 3.3.

The pin assignment between the D-Sub port and the 10-pin connector on the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD card is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Assignment D-Sub</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>+5 V (optional)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>CAN_L</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>CAN_H</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tip:** Connect a CAN bus with a different transmission standard via a bus converter. PEAK-System offers different bus converter modules like the PCAN-TJA1054 for a Low-speed CAN bus according to ISO 11898-3.
3.2 Slot Bracket(s) with D-Sub Connector(s)

To connect a CAN bus to the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD card, use the supplied slot bracket(s). After you have connected the flat-ribbon cables from the slot bracket(s) with the 10-pin sockets, you can connect the CAN buses with the D-Sub sockets.
3.3 Voltage Supply of External Devices

External devices with low power consumption (e.g. bus converters) can be directly supplied via the CAN connector. With a solder bridge per CAN channel on the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD board, a 5-Volt supply can optionally be routed to pin 1 of the D-Sub connector. The current output is limited to 50 mA.

**Important note:** The optional 5-Volt supply can not be operated simultaneously with the daisy chain.

Do the following to activate the voltage supply:

- **Risk of short circuit!** Solder with great care to avoid unwanted short circuits on the card.

- **Attention!** Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy components on the card. Take precautions to avoid ESD.

Set the solder bridges corresponding to the desired settings.

Figure 6 on page 14 shows the solder field positions on the four-channel card (IPEH-004082). The solder fields for the single and dual channel versions (IPEH-004080/81) are located in the same positions and can therefore also be taken from this figure. The table below contains the possible settings.

- **Risk of short circuit!** The 5-Volt supply is not protected separately. Therefore, turn off the computer before you connect and disconnect CAN cables or peripheral systems.
Figure 6: Position of the solder fields on the top side of the four-channel card (IPEH-004082) for a 5-Volt supply; dual channel card (IPEH-004081) only CAN 1 and CAN 2; single channel card (IPEH-004080) only CAN 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D-Sub connector</th>
<th>Solder field</th>
<th>5-Volt supply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Without (standard)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN1</td>
<td>JP1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN2</td>
<td>JP13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN3</td>
<td>JP16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN4</td>
<td>JP19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.4 Activating the Daisy Chain

The daisy chain can be activated via solder jumpers on the board to connect a CAN FD optimized connection to an existing CAN bus. This makes interference-free operation possible at higher CAN FD bit rates, because stubs and Y distributions are largely avoided.

Important note: The optional daisy chain can not be operated simultaneously with the 5-Volt supply.

When the daisy chain is activated, the pin assignments on the D-Sub and 10-pin connectors change as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Assignment D-Sub</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>CAN-L daisy chain</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>CAN_L</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>CAN_H</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 7: Pin assignment of High-speed CAN and daisy chain

Figure 8: Numbering at the 10-pin connector on the board
Do the following to activate the daisy chain:

**Risk of short circuit!** Solder with great care to avoid unwanted short circuits on the card.

**Attention!** Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy components on the card. Take precautions to avoid ESD.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Assignment D-Sub</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>CAN-H daisy chain</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>not connected</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Set the solder bridges corresponding to the desired settings.

Figure 9 on page 17 shows the solder field positions on the four-channel card (IPEH-004082). The solder fields for the single and dual channel versions (IPEH-004080/81) are located in the same positions and can therefore also be taken from this figure. The table below contains the possible settings.
Figure 9: Position of the solder fields on the top side of the card (IPEH-004082) for the activation of the daisy chain dual channel card (IPEH-004081) only CAN 1 and CAN 2; single channel card (IPEH-004080) only CAN 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D-Sub connector</th>
<th>Solder fields</th>
<th>Daisy chain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Without (standard)</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN1</td>
<td>JP10 and JP11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN2</td>
<td>JP12 and JP14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN3</td>
<td>JP15 and JP17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN4</td>
<td>JP18 and JP20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.5 Activating the Internal Termination

The internal termination can be activated by solder jumpers on the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD board, to terminate one end of the CAN bus with 120 Ohms. At delivery the termination is not activated. A High-speed CAN bus (ISO 11898-2) must be terminated on both ends with 120 Ohms. Otherwise disturbances may arise.

Do the following to activate the internal termination:

▲ Risk of short circuit! Solder with great care to avoid unwanted short circuits on the card.

▲ Attention! Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy components on the card. Take precautions to avoid ESD.

Set the solder bridges corresponding to the desired settings.

Figure 10 on page 19 shows the positions of the solder fields of the four-channel card (IPEH-004082). The solder fields for the single and dual channel card (IPEH-004080/81) are located in the same positions and can therefore also be taken from Figure 10. The table below contains the possible settings. The table below contains the possible settings.
Figure 10: Position of the solder fields on the top side of the four-channel card (IPEH-004082) for the internal termination; dual channel card (IPEH-004081) only CAN 1 and CAN 2; single channel card (IPEH-004080) only CAN 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D-Sub connector</th>
<th>Solder fields</th>
<th>Internal termination</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAN1</td>
<td>JP2 and JP3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN2</td>
<td>JP4 and JP5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN3</td>
<td>JP6 and JP7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN4</td>
<td>JP8 and JP9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.6 Cabling

3.6.1 Termination

The High-speed CAN bus (ISO 11898-2) must be terminated with 120 ohms at both ends. The termination prevents interfering signal reflections and ensures the proper operation of the transceivers of the connected CAN nodes (CAN interfaces, control devices).

The PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD card has an optional internal termination with 120 ohms. For more information, see chapter 3.5.

3.6.2 Example of a Connection

![Diagram of a Simple CAN connection](image)

Figure 11: Simple CAN connection

This example shows a connection between a control unit and the PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD card. The connection cable is terminated with 120 ohms at both ends.
3.6.3 Maximum Bus Length

High-speed CAN networks have bit rates up to 1 Mbit/s. The maximum bus length primarily depends on the bit rate.

The following table shows different maximum possible CAN bus length with different bit rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bit rate</th>
<th>Bus length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Mbit/s</td>
<td>40 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 kbit/s</td>
<td>110 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 kbit/s</td>
<td>240 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 kbit/s</td>
<td>500 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 kbit/s</td>
<td>1.3 km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 kbit/s</td>
<td>2.5 km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 kbit/s</td>
<td>3.3 km</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The listed values have been calculated on the basis of an idealized system and can differ from reality.

**Note:** For CAN FD, the same maximum bus lengths apply as for CAN, despite the higher data bit rate of CAN FD. The dependency is based on the bit rate during the arbitration, called nominal bit rate. The nominal bite rate at CAN FD can be up to 1 Mbit/s.
4 Software and API

This chapter covers the provided software PCAN-View and the programming interface PCAN-Basic.

4.1 Monitor Software PCAN-View

PCAN-View is a simple Windows software to view, transmit and log CAN and CAN FD messages.

Note: This chapter describes the use of PCAN-View with a CAN FD card.


Do the following to start and initialize PCAN-View:

1. Open the Windows Start menu and select **PCAN-View**.

   The **Connect** dialog box appears.

   ![Figure 13: Selection of the hardware and parameters](image)

2. Select an interface from the list.

3. From the drop-down menu, choose a **Clock Frequency**. The selectable bit rates in the following are based on this setting.

4. From the drop-down list, select a **Nominal Bit rate**, which is used for the arbitration phase (max. 1Mbit/s).

5. Enable the **Data Bit Rate** checkbox.

6. From the drop-down menu, choose an additional **Data Bit rate** for the CAN FD bus. The bit rate selected here is used to transfer the data fields of a CAN FD frame with a higher bit rate.

   **Note:** Both transmission rates must match those which are used by all nodes on the CAN bus.
Tip: Create custom bit rates by using the arrow button (▶).

7. Under Filter settings, you can limit the range of CAN IDs to be received, either for standard frames (11-bit IDs) or for extended frames (29-bit IDs).

8. Activate the Listen-only mode if you do not actively participate in the CAN traffic and just want to observe. This also avoids an unintended disruption of an unknown CAN environment (e.g. due to different bit rates).

9. Confirm the settings in the dialog box with OK. The main window of PCAN-View appears (see Figure 14).
4.1.1 Receive/Transmit Tab

The Receive/Transmit tab is the main element of PCAN-View. It contains two lists, one for received messages and one for the transmit messages. The CAN data format is hexadecimal by default.

Do the following to transmit one CAN message with PCAN-View:

1. Select the menu command Transmit > New Message (alternatively or Ins).

The New Transmit Message dialog box appears.
2. Enable the **CAN FD** checkbox to define a CAN FD message with a maximum **Length** of 64 data bytes.

3. Enter the **ID**, the data **Length**, and the CAN message **Data**. With a length of more than 8 bytes, click on the button and enter the data bytes into the editor.

**Note:** With the program version 4 of PCAN-View, the DLC field was renamed to **Length**. Latter reflects the actual data length.

4. Enter a value into the **Cycle Time** field to choose manually or periodically message transmission. Enter a value greater than 0 to transmit periodically. Enter the value 0 to transmit only manually.

5. Enable the **Bit Rate Switch** checkbox, that the data of a CAN FD message is transmitted with the selected **Data Bit Rate**.

6. Confirm the entries with **OK**.

   The created transmit message appears on the **Receive/Transmit** tab.

7. Trigger selected transmit messages manually with the menu command **Transmit > Send** (alternatively `Space` bar). The manual transmission for CAN messages being transmitted periodically is carried out additionally.

**Tip:** Under the menu command **File > Save**, you can save the current transmit messages into a transmit list. Saved transmit lists are available for reuse.
4.1.2 Trace Tab

On the Trace tab, the data tracer (data logger) of PCAN-View is used for logging the communication on a CAN bus. During this process the messages are cached in the working memory of the PC. Afterwards they can be saved to a file.

The Tracer runs either in linear or in ring buffer mode. The linear buffer mode stops the Tracer as soon as the buffer is full. The ring buffer mode overwrites the oldest messages by new ones as soon as the buffer is full.

Figure 16: Trace Tab
4.1.3  PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD Tab

The **PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD** tab contains some detailed information about the hardware and driver.

**CAN FD ISO-mode**

The defined in the ISO 11898-standard is not compatible with the original protocol. PEAK-System takes this into account by supporting both protocol versions with their CAN FD interfaces.

If required, the user can switch to the CAN FD protocol used in the environment with the **Enable / Disable** button („Non-ISO“ and „ISO“).
4.1.4 Bus Load Tab

On the **Bus Load** tab, the current bus load, time course, and statistical information of the CAN channel are displayed. The CAN bus load reflects the utilization of transmission capacity.
4.1.5 Error Generator Tab

Via the Error Generator tab, the communication on the CAN bus can be disturbed for testing purposes by 6 consecutive dominant bits. This is a violation of the CAN protocol on the CAN bus which must be recognized as an error by the connected CAN nodes.

You can destroy CAN frames with the error generator by one of two methods:

- once after activation
- repeatedly at specific intervals related to a CAN ID

The Destroy Single Frame area refers to the next CAN frame that is recognized by the plug-in card after activation.

Do the following to destroy a single CAN frame:

1. Enter the Bit Position where in the CAN frame the error is to be generated. The count includes the stuff bits.
2. Execute the destroy action with Do it.
The next received or transmitted CAN frame will be destroyed at the selected bit position.

The Destroy Multiple Frames area refers to a CAN ID whose frames are to be destroyed in specific intervals.

Do the following to destroy multiple CAN frames:
1. Enter the CAN ID of the frame to be destroyed.
2. Enter the Bit Position where in the CAN frame the error is to be generated. The count includes the stuff bits.
3. The Number of Frames to ignore field specifies the number of CAN frames with the given ID that are ignored before a frame is destroyed.
4. The Number of Frames to destroy field specifies the number of CAN frames with the given ID that are destroyed consecutively.
5. Confirm the entries with Apply to activate the error generator.
6. Stop destroying further CAN frames with Disable.

4.1.6 Status Bar

The status bar shows information about the current CAN connection, about error counters (Overruns, QXmtFull) and shows error messages.

You can find further information about the use of PCAN-View in the help which you can invoke in the program via the Help menu or with the F1 key.
4.2 Linking Own Programs with PCAN-Basic Version 4 or Higher

On the provided DVD, you can find files of the PCAN-Basic programming interface in the directory branch Develop. This API provides basic functions for linking own programs to CAN and CAN FD interfaces by PEAK-System and can be used for the following operating systems:

- Windows 10, 8.1, 7 (32/64-bit)
- Windows CE 6.x (x86/ARMv4)
- Linux (32/64-bit)
The API is designed for cross-platform use. Therefore, software projects can easily be ported between platforms with low efforts. For all common programming languages, examples are available.

Beginning with version 4, PCAN-Basic supports the new CAN FD standard (CAN with Flexible Data Rate) which is primarily characterized by higher bandwidth for data transfer.

### 4.2.1 Features of PCAN-Basic

- API for developing applications with CAN and CAN FD connection
- Access to the CAN channels of a PCAN-Gateway via the new PCAN-LAN device type
- Supports the operating systems Windows 10, 8.1, 7 (32/64-bit), Windows CE 6.0, and Linux (32/64-bit)
- Multiple PEAK-System applications and your own can be operated on a physical channel at the same time
- Use of a single DLL for all supported hardware types
- Use of up to 16 channels for each hardware unit (depending on the PEAK CAN interface used)
- Simple switching between channels of a PEAK CAN interface
- Driver-internal buffer for 32,768 messages per CAN channel
- Precision of time stamps on received messages up to 1 μs (depending on the PEAK CAN interface used)
- Supports PEAK-System’s trace formats version 1.1 and 2.0 (for CAN FD applications)
- Access to specific hardware parameters, such as listen-only mode
- Notification of the application through Windows events when a message is received
Extended system for debugging operations
Multilingual debugging output
Output language depends on operating system
Debugging information can be defined individually
Thread-safe API

Tip: An overview of the API functions is located in the header files. You can find detailed information about the PCAN-Basic API on the provided DVD in the text and help files (file name extensions .txt and .chm).

4.2.2 Principle Description of the API
The PCAN-Basic API is the interface between the user application and device driver. In Windows operating systems this is a DLL (Dynamic Link Library).

The sequence of accessing the CAN interface is divided into three phases:

1. Initialization
2. Interaction
3. Completion

Initialization
A channel must be initialized before using it. This is done by the simple call of the function CAN_Initialize for CAN and CAN_InitializeFD for CAN FD. Depending on the type of the CAN hardware, up to 16 CAN channels can be opened at the same time. After a successful initialization the CAN channel is ready. No further configuration steps are required.
Interaction

For receiving and transmitting messages, the functions `CAN_Read` and `CAN_Write` as well as `CAN_ReadFD` and `CAN_WriteFD` are available. Additional settings can be made, e.g. setting up message filters for specific CAN IDs or the listen-only mode for the CAN controller.

When receiving CAN messages, events are used for an automatic notification of an application (client). This offers the following advantages:

- The application no longer needs to check for received messages periodically (no polling).
- The response time at reception is reduced.

Completion

To end the communication, the function `CAN_Uninitialize` is called in order to release the reserved resources for the CAN channel, among others. In addition the CAN channel is marked as "Free" and is available to other applications.

4.2.3 Notes about the License

Device drivers, the interface DLL, and further files needed for linking are property of the PEAK-System Technik GmbH and may be used only in connection with a hardware component purchased from PEAK-System or one of its partners. If a CAN hardware component of third-party suppliers should be compatible to one of PEAK-System, then you are not allowed to use or to pass on the driver software of PEAK-System.

If a third-party supplier develops software based on the PCAN-Basic and problems occur during the use of this software, consult the software provider.
5 Technical Specifications

Connectors

| Computer | PCIe/104, PCI Express x1 (1 Lane)  
Stack-through PCI/104-Bus, equipped with contact strip on request |
| --- | --- |
| CAN | D-Sub (m), 9 pins  
Pin assignment according to specification CiA® 303-1 |

CAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical transmission</td>
<td>ISO 11898-2 (High-speed CAN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN bit rates</td>
<td>20 kbit/s - 1 Mbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN FD bit rates</td>
<td>20 kbit/s - 12 Mbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller</td>
<td>FPGA implementation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transceiver</td>
<td>MCP2558FD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Galvanic isolation</td>
<td>up to 500 V, separate for each CAN channel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplying external devices</td>
<td>D-Sub pin 1; 5 V, max. 50 mA via solder bridges, disabled at delivery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daisy chain</td>
<td>D-Sub Pin 1 and 8 via solder bridges, disabled at delivery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal termination</td>
<td>via solder bridges, disabled at delivery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Power supply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supply voltage</th>
<th>5 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Current consumption | Product version  
Single Channel | on the 5 V pin  
max. 220 mA |
| Dual Channel | max. 230 mA |
| Four Channel | max. 270 mA |

Environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating temperature</th>
<th>-40 - 85 °C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temperature for storage and transport</td>
<td>-40 - 125 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative humidity</td>
<td>15 - 90 %, not condensing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Measures

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Size</strong></td>
<td>90.2 x 95.9 mm (W x L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>See also dimension drawing in Appendix B on page 39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Channel</td>
<td>44 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual Channel</td>
<td>50 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four Channel</td>
<td>56 g</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Conformity

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>EMV</strong></td>
<td>Directive 2014/30/EU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DIN EN 55024:2016-05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DIN EN 55032:2016-02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RoHS 2</strong></td>
<td>Directive 2011/65/EU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DIN EN 50581 VDE 0042-12:2013-02</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix A  CE Certificate

EU Declaration of Conformity

This declaration applies to the following product:
Product name: PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD
Item number(s): IPEH-004080/81/82
Manufacturer: PEAK-System Technik GmbH
Otto-Roehm-Strasse 69
64293 Darmstadt
Germany

We declare under our sole responsibility that the mentioned product is in conformity with the following directives and the affiliated harmonized standards:

EU Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2)
DIN EN 50581 VDE 0042-12:2013-02
Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances;
German version EN 50581:2012

EU Directive 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility)
DIN EN 55024:2016-05
Information technology equipment – Immunity characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement (CISPR 24:2010 + Cor.:2011 + A1:2015);
German version EN 55024:2010 + A1:2015
DIN EN 55032:2016-02
Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission Requirements (CISPR 32:2015);
German version EN 55032:2015

Darmstadt, 22 February 2019

[Signature]

Uwe Wilhelm, Managing Director
Appendix B Dimension Drawing

Figure 22: Dimension drawing PCAN-PCI/104-Express FD
The figure does not show the actual size of the product.
Appendix C Quick Reference

Software/Hardware Installation under Windows

Install the driver from the supplied DVD, before you insert the plug-in card in the PC/104 stack.

The new hardware is detected at the next Windows start and the driver is initialized. Check the operational readiness. Open the Windows Start menu. Type `peakcpl` and press Enter. An information window for PEAK Hardware opens. The plug-in card must be displayed in the table on the CAN Hardware tab.

Getting Started under Windows

Run the CAN monitor PCAN-View from the Windows Start menu as a sample application for accessing the card. For initialization of the card select the CAN connection and the CAN bit rate.

High-speed CAN connector (D-Sub, 9 pins)